

Ship orderbook shrinks to 17 year low as Covid-19 slows contracting

The total orderbook for dry bulk, container and tanker ships has reached its lowest point in 17 years as Covid-19 has massively slowed contracting (-50%) while deliveries of new vessels have proved more resilient (-2%).

The orderbooks for dry bulk and container ships in particular have fallen sharply. At 63.4m DWT, the dry bulk orderbook is at its lowest level since April 2004 and 34.7% smaller than twelve months ago. Similarly, the orderbook for container ships has fallen 10.3% in the past 12 months to its lowest level since September 2003.

The fall has left the orderbook to fleet ratio at its lowest level in many years at just 7.7%. This is however not a reason for a flurry of new contracting activity. The larger fleet means that even this lower ratio represents a significant amount of tonnage especially given the poor outlook.

Dry bulk contracting down by 6m DWT

The falls have in particular been driven by the scarcity of new orders as the drop in trade volumes and long road to recovery looms. In the first seven months of the year, contracting for dry bulk vessels is down 65.6% from the start of the year and orders for new container ships are down 37.7%.

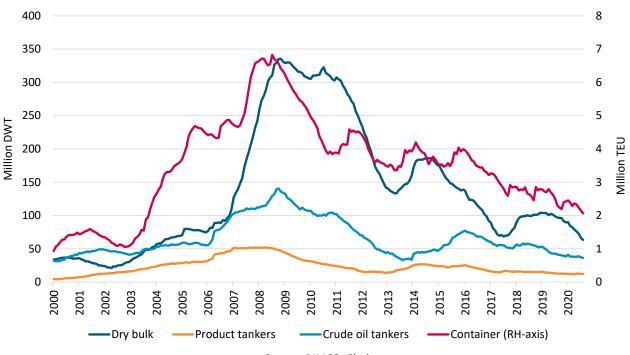
The pandemic has had a surprisingly limited effect on total deliveries which are down 1.7% in the first seven months of the year at 46.4m DWT. Deliveries of dry bulk ships are in fact considerably higher than last year: 31.8m DWT in the first seven months of this year compared to 22.6m DWT in the same period last year. In contrast, deliveries of container ships are down 39.5% from the same period from last year, but as deliveries have still outpaced new orders, the orderbook has contracted. This year's deliveries include nine ships above 23,000 TEU.

"Contracting activity has been quick to feel the effects of the pandemic with owners and investors showing little appetite for new ships," says Peter Sand, BIMCO's Chief Shipping Analyst.



Size of orderbook

2000 - 2020



Source: BIMCO, Clarksons

Smaller decline for tanker orderbooks

The tanker shipping industry has also recorded a fall in its orderbooks, though not as sharp as the falls in dry bulk and container shipping books. This is primarily because the tanker orderbook has been at a much lower level than that of dry bulk and containers in the past two decades. The orderbook for crude oil tankers stands at 36.3m DWT and for the oil product tanker fleet at 12.1m DWT, down 4.2% and 12% from 12 months ago respectively.

In fact, product tankers is the only segment to have seen higher contracting this year than last, up 2.9% in the first seven months of the year at 3.2m DWT, though orders for new crude oil tankers have fallen 41.3% in the same period, a drop from 10.1m DWT last year to 5.9m DWT this year.

Deliveries have fallen by 39.1% for crude oil tankers and 46.1% for oil product tankers while total tanker deliveries so far this year have amounted to 10.1m DWT compared to 17.2m in the same months last year.

Demolition activity rises as yards re-open

The decline in appetite for new ships comes at a time when many owners are keen to get rid of their existing ships. As major demolition nations around the world have eased their lockdowns and once again opened their yards, June and July saw a strong uptick in demolitions. Total demolition activity in July totalled 1.8mDWT, up by 1.2m DWT from July 2019, an almost 400% increase from demolitions in April 2020.

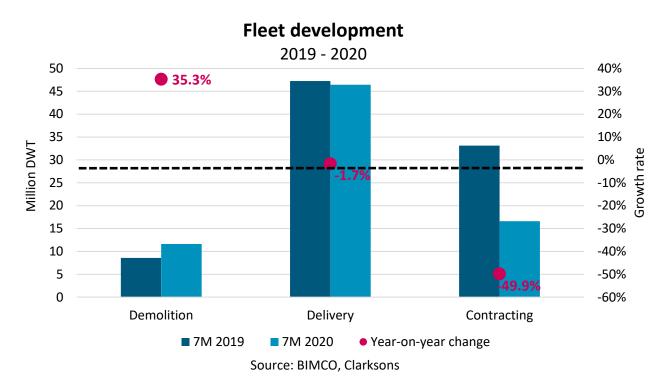
In particular dry bulk and container demolitions have increased, up 80.9% and 26.3% respectively, while 8.8m DWT of dry bulk capacity and 152,770 TEU of container ships have been sent for demolition since the start of the year.



"The sharp uptick in demolitions following the reopening of yards is entirely expected due to the demand shock from the Covid-19 crisis and expectations of a long road to recovery ahead of us. This is reflected in both the higher demolition numbers, with owners pushed to act on older and substandard ships that they had kept sailing until now, as well as the drop in contracting as the outlook for the next few years has become much gloomier than it was at the start of the year," says Peter Sand.

Demolitions of product tankers have also risen, although not by as much as container and dry bulk demolitions. Up 10.9% between January and July compared to last year, eight product tankers have been demolished totalling 0.5m DWT.

Discordantly, demolitions of tanker ships have been much lower. In fact, only two crude oil tankers have been demolished in the first seven months of the year, both Suezmaxes. This has translated into a 77.1% drop in crude oil tanker demolitions compared with the same period last year, coming in at only 374,643 DWT.



Note: fleet includes dry bulk, container and oil tankers

Although July demolitions this year were already considerably higher than last year, they were in fact still lower than what was recorded in June this year when total demolitions reached 2.7m DWT. The largest part of these were dry bulk ships, accounting for 1.9m DWT.

Overall, in the first seven months of 2020, demolitions are up 35.3% from the same period in 2019, totalling 11.6m DWT. Of this, 75.3% were dry bulk ships and 17.1% were container ships, with the remaining 7.6% attributable to tankers.

Nevertheless, the fleet continues to grow

Despite the rise in demolitions and decline in deliveries in many sectors, the fleets continue to grow because in volume terms, deliveries are much higher than demolitions. The dry bulk fleet has exceeded 900m DWT for the first time (901.67 as of 3 August), with the fleet growing by 2.6% since the start of the



year. The crude oil and oil product tanker fleets have experienced the next highest fleet growth of the four, at 2% and 1.7% respectively, with the container shipping fleet bringing up the rear by growing 1.2% since the start of the year.

"The continued increase in the supply of ships, despite higher demolitions and lower contracting, cannot be ignored as the volume of world trade is set for a considerable drop this year, and not forecasted to return to pre-pandemic levels until at least 2022. While the decline in contracting will result in slowing fleet growth in the coming years, balance in the shipping markets may prove elusive for many years to come," says Peter Sand.

Contact BIMCO: PR@bimco.org or +45 44 36 68 36

Social media links: Facebook | LinkedIn | Twitter | YouTube

Check out the latest BIMCO analyses

The 2010s: A decade of market imbalance and ultra large container ships

Developments in the oil tanker market in the past decade dominated by geopolitics

Oil product tanker S&P activity down 45% as new reality unfolds

Suez canal ship transits rise amidst the Covid-19 pandemic

About us and our members

BIMCO is the world's largest international shipping association, with around 1,900 members in more than 120 countries. Our global membership includes shipowners, operators, managers, brokers and agents.

Our vision:

To be the chosen partner trusted to provide leadership to the global shipping industry.

Our mission:

To be at the forefront of global developments in shipping, providing expert knowledge and practical advice to safeguard and add value to our members' businesses

Our values:

Trusted | Knowledgeable | Relevant | Proactive | Caring

Our core service areas

BIMCO's four core service areas provide value and trusted support to our members:

- 1. **Our products** include BIMCO's world leading standard contracts and clauses for the shipping industry and our contract editing tool SmartCon. We also run the BIMCO Shipping KPI System which can be used to benchmark ships' operational performance.
- 2. **Regulation**: BIMCO takes an active role on behalf of shipowners during discussions and decisions with global and regional regulators. We work towards a level playing field for shipping including fair trade and open access to markets.
- 3. **Information and advice**: we deal with 10,000 member queries every year on many issues and see over three million page views on our website each year. Our staff share their



expert knowledge with members, giving practical advice to safeguard and add value to their businesses.

4. **Our training** activities include face-to-face courses, webinars and tailor-made courses for companies.